Assam Judicial Service Grade III (Mains) 2008

General Knowledge · compulsory paper

100 marks · 2 hours · 2008

GROUP A — Select one correct answer (50 × 1)

Example. "The heart and soul of the Constitution." Which one of the Fundamental Rights was described as above by Dr. B. R. Ambedkar? (i) Right to freedom of Religion (ii) Right to equality (iii) Right to Constitutional Remedies (iv) Right to freedom of speech.

1. The maxim "Nemo debet bis vexari" relates to the famous doctrine of: (i) Eclipse (ii) Severability (iii) Double Jeopardy (iv) Equality.

2. Who is famous for developing the concept of 'Rule of Law'? (i) A.V. Dicey (ii) Salmond (iii) Bentham (iv) Austin.

3. A District Judge in a State is appointed by: (i) The Chief Justice of the High Court of the State (ii) The High Court of the State (iii) The Governor of the State in consultation with the High Court of the State (iv) The Chief Justice of the High Court in consultation with the High Court of the State.

4. The High Court is called a 'Court of Record' because (i) The High Court deals with a record number of cases yearly (ii) The record of all subordinate Courts are under the supervision of the High Court (iii) All the decisions of the High Court are recorded and these form precedents for other cases of similar nature (iv) The Records of the High Court are kept for supervision of the Supreme Court.

5. Who among the following is the Advocate General of State of Assam: (i) Mr. A.K. Phukan (ii) Mr. N. Dutta (iii) Mr. A. Sarma (iv) Mr. N. Kotiswar Singh.

6. An accused below the age of 18 years, for committing an offence, can be tried under: (i) Indian Penal Code (ii) Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000 (iii) Code of Criminal Procedure (iv) Juvenile Justice Act, 1986.

7. The Law declared by the Supreme Court of India is binding upon all the Courts subordinate to it in India (i) under Article 141 of the Constitution of India (ii) under Article 139 of the Constitution of India (iii) under Article 132 of the Constitution of India (iv) None of these.

8. The Gauhati High Court is the High Court of: (i) Seven States (ii) Two States (iii) Four States (iv) One State.

9. Which one of these books was written by Lt. Jawahar Lal Nehru: (i) The Discovery of India (ii) Gandhi: Life and Thought (iii) The Republic (iv) India Wins Freedom.

10. Which language is largely spoken in Kerala: (i) Tamil (ii) Kannad (iii) Telugu (iv) Malyalam.

11. When did the First War of Indian Independence, known as Indian Mutiny, begin? (i) 1856 (ii) 1857 (iii) 1858 (iv) 1859.

12. Where was Indian National Army (INA) was formed? (i) Germany (ii) Burma (now Myanmar) (iii) Japan (iv) Singapore.

13. What is hung Parliament? (i) A Parliament after a general election in which two political parties get equal number of seats (ii) A Parliament after a general election in which no party gets an absolute majority (iii) A Parliament after a general election in which every party claims to form a Government (iv) None of above.

14. A retired Judge of the Supreme Court cannot take up one of the following employments (i) Chairman of National Human Rights Commission (ii) Chairman of Law Commission (iii) Practice before Supreme Court (iv) None of the above.

15. The full form of STD is (i) Subscriber Telephone Directory (ii) Subscriber Trunk Dialing (iii) Subscriber Telephone Dialing (iv) Subscriber Telecom Dialing.

16. In civil action, the standard of proof is (i) Beyond reasonable doubt (ii) On balance of probabilities (iii) Convincing to the Judge (iv) Logical and reasonable.

17. When a Court passes a judgment in ignorance of a legal provision, such a judgment is called (i) a judgment in rem (ii) a judgment in personam (iii) a judgment in per incurium (iv) a judgement sub silentio.

18. Total strength of Judges in the Supreme Court (including the Chief Justice) presently is? (i) 24 (ii) 25 (iii) 26 (iv) 30.

19. The World Health Day is observed on (i) 7th April (ii) 4th August (iii) 6th December (iv) 15th June.

20. In the world of Hindi Cinema a famous actor was affectionately called as 'Dada Moni'. He was (i) Balraj Sahani (ii) Prithviraj Kapoor (iii) Ashok Kumar (iv) Utpal Dutt.

21. Whom IGNOU Tie-up recently with (i) US Academic (ii) Myanmar Academic (iii) Jordan and Israel (iv) Israel and Egypt.

22. Ghauri is the name of (i) A Hindu Goddess (ii) A cow appearing in Hindu mythology (iii) A missile developed by Pakistan (iv) A missile developed by India.

23. Name the place where Cricket World Cup was held in 2007 — (i) England (ii) New Zealand (iii) West Indies (iv) Australia.

24. Islam was founded by Prophet Mohammed who lived in (i) 5 A.D. (ii) 6 A.D. (iii) 7 A.D. (iv) 8 A.D.

25. 'Panchsheel' was built into the Sino-Indian Treaty of 1954, signed by Nehru and (i) Chou-en Lai (ii) Mao Tse Tung (iii) Deng Xiopang (iv) Lee.

26. Uniform Civil Code is envisaged in the Constitution of India in Article (i) 42 (ii) 43 (iii) 44 (iv) 45.

27. The Attorney General of India is (i) Harish Salve (ii) Soli J. Sorabjee (iii) Kapil Sibal (iv) Milon Banerjee.

28. The present Chairperson of National Human Rights Commission is (i) Justice J.S. Verma (ii) Justice M.N. Venkatachaliah (iii) Justice P.N. Bhagwati (iv) Justice S.

Rajendra Babu.

29. The Police Commissioner is invested .... magisterial powers. (i) with (ii) of (iii) in (iv) by.

30. If two numbers are in the ratio of 9:1, then their square roots are (i) 3:1 (ii) 2:1 (iii) 1:1 (iv) 4:3.

31. The next numbers are in the series 6,12,18, is (i) 21 (ii) 24 (iii) 26 (iv) 28.

32. If the diameter of a circle is doubled, its area will (i) double (ii) triple (iii) quadraple (iv) remain the same.

33. The Indian Penal Code was enacted in: (i) 1920 (ii) 1860 (iii) 1947 (iv) 1950.

34. Which Supreme Court judgment has laid down guidelines for dealing with complaint for 'Sexual Harassment at Work Place': (i) Danial Latifi v Union of India (ii) Vishaka v State of Rajasthan (iii) D.K. Basu v State of West Bengal (iv) Joginder Kumar v State of U.P.

35. Which Article in the Constitution of India provides free and compulsory education to children between 6 to 14 years of age? (i) Article 16 (ii) Article 21A (iii) Article 32 (iv) Article 24.

36. Who dissolves Parliament: (i) Prime Minister (ii) Council of Ministers (iii) Lok Sabha Speaker (iv) President.

37. Lakshadweep island is situated in which Ocean: (i) Bay of Bengal (ii) Arabian Sea (iii) Pacific Ocean (iv) Indian Ocean.

38. Rafting is a sport, which is played in: (i) River (ii) Field (iii) Air (iv) Indoor.

39. In which year the Right to Information Act was enacted: (i) 2005 (ii) 2001 (iii) 2006 (iv) 2002.

40. Name the Indian astronaut, who went in space: (i) Kalpana Chawla (ii) Rakesh Sharma (iii) Sunita Williams (iv) Shekhar Tandon.

41. What is the full form of C.I.S.F.: (i) Central Investigation & Security Force (ii) Central Infrastructure & Security Force (iii) Central Industrial & Security Force (iv) Central Industrial & Social Force.

42. Where will be the next Olympic Games held: (i) Sydney (ii) Los Angeles (iii) Seoul (iv) Beijing.

43. Smti. Pratibha Patil has been elected as (i) 13th President of India (ii) 12th President of India (iii) 11th President of India (iv) 14th President of India.

44. Who among the following was the Chairman of the Constituent Assembly for writing of Constitution of India: (i) B.R. Ambedkar (ii) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel (iii) Rajendra Prasad (iv) Jagatjivan Ram.

45. The first Judge of Gauhati High Court who was elevated to Supreme Court of India was (i) Justice P.K. Goswami (ii) Justice B.L. Hansaria (iii) Justice Baharul Islam (iv) Justice K.N. Saikia.

46. First lady who become the Chief Minister of a State: (i) Sushma Swaraj (ii) Sheela Dikshit (iii) Sucheta Kripalani (iv) J. Jayalalita.

47. The first lady who became the Ruler of India (i) Noor Jehan (ii) Razia Sultan (iii) Laxmibai (iv) Mumtaz Mahal.

48. Which of the following is a Human Rights organization? (i) Red Cross (ii) Amnesty International (iii) Trusteeship Council (iv) None of the above.

49. Which of the following countries is not a member of the UN? (i) Switzerland (ii) Nepal (iii) Kampuchia (iv) Iran.

50. The UNO was founded at (a) Paris (b) Moscow (c) London (d) San Francisco.

GROUP B — Application of legal principles (5 × 5)

1. Where the death of a woman is caused by any burns or bodily injury or occurs otherwise than under normal circumstances within seven years of her marriage and it is shown that soon before her death she was subjected to cruelty or harassment by her husband or any relative of her husband for, or in connection with, any demands for dowry, such death shall be called "dowry death", and such husband or relative shall be deemed to have caused the death. Whoever commits dowry death shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than seven years but which may extend to imprisonment for life. The mother-in-law of Sarla persistently tortured her for demand of a scooter, soon after the solemnization of marriage. As a result Sarla took a poisonous tablet and got died. Is the mother-in-law of Sarla liable for death of Sarla?

2. Whoever, by deceiving any person, fraudulently or dishonestly induces the person so deceived to deliver any property to any person, or to consent that any person shall retain any property, or intentionally induces the person so deceived to do or omit to do anything which he would not do or omit if he were not so deceived, and which act or omission causes or is likely to cause damage or harm to that person in body, mind, reputation or property, is said to "cheat". A, falsely pretending to be an Army General, intentionally induces B to let him have goods worth twenty thousand rupees in credit from his shop. A has no settled employment or bank balance on the day of the transaction. Is A guilty of cheating in this case?

3. Whoever delivers to any other person as genuine any counterfeit currency which he knows to be counterfeit, but which he did not know to be counterfeit at the time when he received it is guilty of an offence. On returning home from the market one day, Mrs. X notices a counterfeit currency note of Rs.50 while counting the remaining money. Mrs. X returns to the same shop where she got the counterfeit currency with a view to get rid of the counterfeit note. She buys a shampoo worth Rs.32 and passed the fake note at the cash counter. The cashier inspects the note and realizes that it is counterfeit. He called the police. Is Mrs. X guilty of an offence?

4. Theft is the dishonest moving of property with the intention of taking it out from the person's possession without his consent. Naman wants to put on Levis jeans and a Monte Carlo sweater on the Christmas night. But, both the clothes are dirty. He

therefore gives to a dry cleaner for dry cleaning. He is told to collect the clothes after two days from the shop. When he reaches the shop after two days he finds that he does not have enough money to pay to the dry cleaner. But since due to winter he needs the sweater desperately, he surreptitiously places the sweater near his other goods so that he can quickly take it without the knowledge of the dry cleaner. Is Naman guilty of theft?

5. Whoever causes the death of any person by doing any rash or negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to two years or with fine or with both. A driver of a Tourist Bus belonging M/S Blue Hills Travel, Guwahati, while negotiating an unmanned railway level crossing at Dharamtul at speed of 30 kmph clashed against a passing passenger train. Consequently one of the tourist was killed. On investigation it was found that the driver could not stop the bus due to a defect in the brakes not known to him. Should the driver be punished for the offence of causing death by negligence?

GROUP C — Analytical and arithmetical answers (5 × 5)

A. In the first 10 over of a cricket match, the run rate counts 3.2. What should be the run rate in the rest 40 over to reach the target of 282 runs? (a) 6.3 (b) 6.15 (c) 6.25 (d) 6.5.

B. Find out the missing link in the following series: 1/2, 3/4, 5/8, 7/16, ... 11/64, ... (a) 9/32, 13/128 (b) 9/32, 12/116 (c) 8/24, 12/114 (d) none of these.

C. Mr. X in a running train completed counting of 21 electric poles in one minute. If the gap between two poles is 50 metres, find out the speed of the train. (a) 75 km per hour (b) 45 km per hour (c) 60 km per hour (d) 85 km per hour.

D. Romita is Ibhol's mother's daughter's daughter. What is the relationship with Ibhol? (a) aunt (b) niece (c) friend (d) nephew.

E. If Rosy is a faster sprinter than Gita and Meera, Gita is faster than Lucy, but slower than Priya, then who is the slowest? (a) Priya (b) Sita (c) Meera (d) Lucy.