Uttarakhand Civil Judge (Prelims) 2011

Uttarakhand Public Service Commission · General Knowledge & Law · Series B · 200 questions

Part I — General Knowledge

1. "The official language of the Union of India shall be Hindi in Devnagari Script" is mentioned in.
   (a) Article 341
   (b) Article 342
   (c) Article 343(1)
   (d) Article 344

2. Who was the first President of Constituent Assembly of India?
   (a) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
   (b) Dr. K. N. Katju
   (c) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
   (d) C. Rajagopalachari

3. Who is the author of the book Mudrarakshas ?
   (a) Kalidas
   (b) Vishakadutta
   (c) Banabhatta
   (d) Jaydev

4. Which one of the following is tallest building in the world?
   (a) Effiel Tower
   (b) Burj Khalifa
   (c) Statue of Liberty
   (d) Qutub Minar

5. On which issue Srikrishna Committee recently submitted its Report?
   (a) Telangana issue
   (b) Tax Reforms
   (c) Kashmir issue
   (d) Naxal issue

6. The Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir came into force on
   (a) 26th January, 1954
   (b) 26th January, 1957
   (c) 26th January, 1958
   (d) 26th January, 1959

7. The Institution of 'Ombudsman' first started in
   (a) Germany 1800
   (b) Sweden in 1809
   (c) England in 1874
   (d) India in 1950

8. How many Schedules are there in the Constitution of India?
   (a) 9
   (b) 10
   (c) 11
   (d) 12

9. In which year Mayor's Courts were introduced in three Presidency Towns in India?
   (a) 1726
   (b) 1772
   (c) 1774
   (d) 1781

10. The 16th SAARC Summit 2010 was held at
   (a) Maldive
   (b) Pakistan
   (c) Bhutan
   (d) Sri Lanka

11. Who is said to be the originator of the doctrine of separation of powers"?
   (a) Dicey
   (b) Montesqueue
   (c) Locke
   (d) Plato

12. Which provision of the Constitution of India deals with National Commission for Scheduled Castes?
   (a) Article 338
   (b) Article 338A
   (c) Article 340
   (d) Article 343

13. World Investment Report' is an annual publication of
   (a) IMF
   (b) World Bank
   (c) UNCTAD
   (d) WTO

14. Chapter II of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 shall not be deemed to affect any rule of

(a) Christian Law.
(b) Muslim Law
(c) Parsi Law
(d) None of the above

15. By which Amendment Article 21A is added in the Constitution of India?

(a) 84th Amendment, 2001
(b) 85th Amendment, 2001
(c) 86th Amendment, 2002
(d) 87th Amendment, 2003

16. Which type of euthanasia is permitted by the Supreme Court In Aruna Shanbaug v. Union of India, AIR 2011 SC 1290?

(a) Active euthanasia
(b) Passive euthansia
(c) Voluntary euthanasia
(d) Non voluntary euthanasia

17. Under International law the obligation of neutral country is

(a) Abstention
(b) Prevention
(c) Acquiescence
(d) All the above

18. Who is the Secretary General of United Nations?

(a) Ban ki Moon
(b) Kofi Annan
(c) Boutros Ghali
(d) None of the above

19. In which city of Japan radiation leakage occurred due to massive earthquake?

(a) Tokyo
(b) Fukushima
(c) Yakohama
(d) Osaka

20. Who was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constitution of India?

(a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
(b) Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar
(c) Dr. Radha Krishnan
(d) Pt. Jawar Lal Nehru

21. How many States are permanent members of United Nations Security Council?

(a) 10
(b) 7
(c) 5
(d) 12

22. Who said: "International law is the vanishing point of Jurisprudence"?

(a) Austin
(b) Holland
(c) Oppenheim
(d) Sir Henry Maine

23. In which year Indian Parliament passed Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act?

(a) 2009
(b) 2005
(c) 2008
(d) 2006

24. After how many years India won Cricket World Cup in 2011?

(a) After 20 Years
(b) After 25 years
(c) After 28 years
(d) After 30 years

25. In which year Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act was enacted by Parliament of India?

(a) 2009
(b) 2005
(c) 2008
(d) 2007

26. The concept of Directive Principles of State Policy is borrowed from

(a) Germany
(b) France
(c) Ireland
(d) USA

27. Which Amendment added Fundamental Duties in the Constitution of India?

(a) 42nd Amendment
(b) 44th Amendment
(c) 47th Amendment
(d) 49th Amendment

28. The Ex-officio Chairman of the Council of States is
(a) President of India
(b) Speaker of Lok Sabha
(c) Vice President.
(d) None of the above

29. Stokholm Conference on 'Human Environment' was held in the year
(a) 1973
(b) 1972
(c) 1992
(d) 1942

30. In India 'Law Day' is celebrated every year on
(a) 5th April
(b) 26th November
(c) 1st May
(d) 5th June

31. Which one of the following organizations is directly related to the Child welfare?
(a) UNESCO
(b) UNICEF
(c) WHO
(d) WTO

32. The theory of 'Social Engineering' was propounded by
(a) Austin
(b) Ivor Jennings
(c) Roscoe Pound
(d) Dicey

33. A Secular State
(a) Promotes Religions
(b) Demotes Religions
(c) Integrates Religions
(d) Remains neutral to Religions

34. What is the minimum reservations prescribed by the Constitution for Women in Panchayats?
(a) 50 per cent
(b) 30 per cent
(c) One third
(d) One fourth

35. Which country is not a permanent member of United Nations Security Council?
(a) USA
(b) Russia
(c) Germany
(d) France

36. In which year "Copenhagen Summit Conference" on climate change was held?
(a) 2008
(b) 2010
(c) 2009
(d) 2011

37. Which Article of the Charter of the United Nations permitted Right to Self defence?
(a) Article 2
(b) Article 51
(c) Article 13
(d) Article 47

38. Which of the following is not a basic feature of the Indian Constitution
(a) Preamble
(b) Fundamental Rights
(c) Fundamental Duties
(d) Judicial Review

39. Which one of the following States in Indian is having a Legislative Council?
(a) Punjab
(b) Madhya Pradesh
(c) Gujarat
(d) Andhra Pradesh

40. Who has been Appointed as Chairperson of National women Commission recently?
(a) Krishna Teerath
(b) Chandresh Kumari
(c) Girija Vyas
(d) Ambika Soni

41. Which Fundamental Rights as declared by Dr. B.R. Ambedkar as "heart and soul' of the Constitution?
(a) Right to Freedom
(b) Right to Constitutional remedies under Article 32
(c) Right to Life
(d) Right to Equality

42. In which year biggest Arms Reduction Pact between U.S. and Russia was signed?
(a) 2007
(b) 2008
(c) 2009
(d) 2010

43. Constitutional Status to Panchayati Raj System was given by
(a) 24th Amendment
(b) 25th Amendment
(c) 42nd Amendment
(d) 73rd Amendment

44. National and State Disaster Management Authority is constituted under
(a) Cabinet Decision
(b) Planning Commission Decision
(c) Disaster Management Act, 2005
(d) Natural Calamities Management Act. 2005

45. The National Judicial Academy is located at
(a) New Delhi
(b) Hyderabad
(c) Bhopal
(d) Bangalore

46. The Planning Commission of India is a
(a) Statutory Body:
(b) Advisory Body
(c) Constitutional Body
(d) Autonomous Body

47. In which case the Supreme Court of India laid down that evidence can be recorded by Video Conferencing?
(a) Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India
(b) M.C. Mehta v. Union of India
(c) Pappu Yadav v. State of Bihar
(d) Kartar Singh v. State of Punjab

48. The Right to Information Act was enacted in
(a) 2002
(b) 2005
(c) 2007
(d) 2010

49. Right to speedy trial is
(a) Constitutional Right
(b) Fundamental Right
(c) Legal Right
(d) Directive Principle of the State Policy

50. Public Holidays are declared under
(a) Constitution of India
(b) Right to Information Act
(c) Negotiable Instrument Act
(d) Indian Contract Act

Part II — Law

51. Under which Section of the Indian Penal Code, committing theft of a computer from a shop is punishable?
(a) Section 379
(b) Section 380
(c) Section 381
(d) Section 383

52. State of A.P. v. R. Punnayya case - deals with distinction between which of following Sections of the Indian Penal Code?
(a) Section 501 and 502
(b) Sections 299 and 300
(c) Sections 304-A and 304-B
(d) Sections 305 and 306

53. In which case the court made a clear distinction between common intention' and similar intention'?
(a) Barendra Kumar Ghosh v. King Emperor
(b) Mahboob Shah v. King Emperor
(c) Kripal Singh Vs. State of U.P.
(d) Rishi Deo Pandey v. State of U.P

54. Assault under Section 351 of Indian Penal Code can be caused by
(a) Gestures only
(b) Preparation only
(c) Mere words
(d) Gestures or any preparation

55. Under which Section of the Indian Penal Code Right to Private Defence of Property' extends to causing death?
(a) Section 103
(b) Section 102
(c) Section 101.
(d) Section 100

56. Under which section of the Indian Penal Code dishonest misappropriation of property' has been defined?
(a) Section 403
(b) Section 405
(c) Section 406
(d) Section 415

57. Which sections of Indian Penal Code provide for the offences relating to the Army. Navy and Air Force?

(a) Sections 171-A to 171-I
(b) Sections 124 to 129
(c) Sections 131 to 140
(d) Sections 165 to 171

58. The expression "unsoundness of mind"

(a) Is not defined in IPC
(b) Is defined in IPC
(c) Is not treated as equivalent to insanity
(d) Is not general exception in IPC

59. The offence 'abetment is constituted by

(a) Aiding
(b) Conspiring
(c) Instigating
(d) All the above

60. Which one of the following writers has observed that "Man's ignorance of law cannot be excused because he /is bound to know it?

(a) Austin
(b) Bailey
(c) Kelsen
(d) None of the above

61. Death penalty cannot be done away from Indian society. Life imprisonment is a rule and death penalty is an exception. Therefore, the Apex Court pronounced its judgement that it can be awarded only in rarest of rare cases". The name of the case is

(a) Hardayal v. State of U.P.
(b) State of U.P. v. Parasnath
(c) Bachan Singh v. State of Punjab
(d) Sri Bhagwan v. State of Rajasthan

62. Under Section 167 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 the maximum period of police custody of an arrested person is

(a) 90 days
(b) 60 days
(c) 15 days
(d) 7 days

63. Chief Judicial Magistrate may pass a

(a) Sentence of imprisonment not exceeding 7 years
(b) Sentence for life imprisonment
(c) Death sentence
(d) Sentence of imprisonment exceeding 7 years

64. Under which Section of the Criminal Procedure Code compensation is paid to groundlessly arrested persons?

(a) Section 357
(b) Section 358
(c) Section 357A
(d) Section 360

65. The accused has indefeasible right to bail when investigation is not completed within

(a) 15 days
(b) 30 days
(c) 21 days
(d) 90 or 60 days

66. In which case Supreme Court of India directed the High Courts to exercise jurisdiction under Section 482 of Code of Criminal Procedure?

(a) State of Haryana v. Bhajan Lal
(b) Adalat Prasad v. Navin Jindal
(c) Dinesh Dalmiya v. CBI
(d) Dhananjay Chatterjee v. State of West Bengal

67. In which case Supreme Court held that only a legally wedded wife can claim maintenance under Section 125 of Criminal Procedure Code?

(a) Savitaben Somabhai Bhatia v. State of Gujarat
(b) S.K. Butt v. State of U.P.
(c) Rajeev Choudhary v. State
(d) Janak Singh v. State of U.P.

68. Which Section of the Cr.P.C. deals with 'case diary'?

(a) Section 169
(b) Section 171
(c) Section 172
(d) Section 157

69. Which Section of the Cr.P.C. provides that no court shall alter the judgement after il has been signed?

(a) Section 360
(b) Section 361
(c) Section 362
(d) Section 462

70. Under which Section of the Cr.P.C. addition or alteration of charge has been provided?

(a) Section 214
(b) Section 215
(c) Section 216
(d) Section 218

71. Under which Section of the Cr.P.C. a search warrant is issued?
(a) Section 92
(b) Section 93
(c) Section 94
(d) Section 96

72. Section 164 of Cr.P.C. provides for which of the following?
(a) Recording of confession and statement
(b) Examination of witnesses by police
(c) Expert witnesses
(d) Investigation procedure

73. In which Section of the Cr.P.C. it is provided that a male child below the age of 15 years cannot be called at police station?
(a) Section 160(1)
(b) Section 161(2)
(c) Section 160(2)
(d) Section 163

74. Under with Section of the Cr.P.C. cognizable offence has been defined?
(a) Section 2(a)
(b) Section 2(c)
(c) Section 2(i)
(d) Section 2(l)

75. Under which Section of the Cr.P.C. investigating officer record the statement of witnesses?
(a) Section 160
(b) Section 162
(c) Section 161
(d) Section 164

76. Monthly amount of maintenance under Section 125 of Cr.P.C. is
(a) Rs. 500
(b) Rs. 1,000
(c) Rs. 5.000
(d) without any limit

77. Who is authorised to appoint Public Prosecutor for a District?
(a) High Court
(b) State Government
(c) District Judge
(d) District Magistrate

78. Which court will grant the anticipatory bail under Section 438 of Cr. P.C.?
(a) High Court
(b) Session Court
(c) Session Court or High Court
(d) Judicial Magistrate First Class

79. Which Section of Cr.P.C. authorises the public prosecutor to withdraw the prosecution?
(a) Section 304
(b) Section 313
(c) Section 321
(d) Section 323

80. Under which Section of the Cr.P.C. provision for "summary trial' is given?
(a) Section 360-365
(b) Section 260-265
(c) Sections 256–259
(d) Sections 180–190

81. Classification of Bailable and Non-bailable offences in Cr.P.C. is provided under
(a) First Schedule of Cr.P.C.
(b) Second Schedule of Cr.P.C.
(c) Section 320 of Cr.P.C.
(d) Section 321 of Cr.P.C.

82. In which Section of the Indian Evidence Act Presumption as to Dowry Death' is provided?
(a) Section 111A
(b) Section 113A
(c) Section 113B
(d) Section 113

83. Which one of the following is not a case on Estoppel?
(a) Palvinder Kaur v. State of Punjab
(b) Pickard v. Sears
(c) Sri Krishna v. Kurukshetra University
(d) Sarat Chand Dey v. Gopal Chand Laha

84. Which Section of the Indian Evidence Act lays down the rule that in certain circumstances admission can be proved by or on behalf of the person making it?
(a) Section 18
(b) Section 19
(c) Section 20
(d) Section 21

85. Who can make an admission under Indian Evidence Act?
(a) Witness to Proceeding
(b) A Party to Proceeding
(c) A Third Party
(d) The Court

86. Under Evidence. Act photo of a building is
(a) Primary evidence
(b) Secondary evidence
(c) no evidence
(d) none of the above

87. Which of the following is the best evidence?
(a) Documentary evidence
(b) Direct evidence
(c) Hearsay evidence
(d) Circumstantial evidence

88. Under which Section of the Indian Evidence Act, a judge is empowered to ask any question relevant or irrelevant to witness or a party to a suit?
(a) Section 164
(b) Section 165
(c) Section 166
(d) None of the above

89. In which one of the following cases constitutionality of Section 73 of the Evidence Act was challenged for violation of Article 20(3) of the Constitution?
(a) State of Bombay v. Kathikalu
(b) Rattan Singh v. Himachal Pradesh
(c) Kashmira Singh v. State of M.P.
(d) None of the above

90. Which one of the following is not a case on 'Dying Declaration'?
(a) Rattan Gaud v. State of Bihar
(b) Paniben v. State of Gujarat
(c) Sita Ram v. State of U.P.
(d) Kaushal Rao v. State of Maharashtra

91. In which Section of the Indian Evidence Act the words "to form part of the same transaction" are provided?
(a) Section 5
(b) Section 6
(c) Section 7
(d) Section 8

92. Under which Section of the Indian Evidence Act the words "facts not otherwise relevant, became relevant are provided?
(a) Section 9
(b) Section 11
(c) Section 12
(d) Section 14

93. A, Is accused of receiving stolen goods, knowing them to be stolen. The above is the illustration of
(a) Section 8 of the Evidence Act
(b) Section 12 of the Evidence Act
(c) Section 14 of the Evidence Act
(d) Section: 13 of the Evidence Act

94. Which one in the following is not an exception to the "Rule of hearsay"?
(a) Dying Declaration
(b) Res Gestae
(c) Opinion of Expert
(d) Confession

95. The form of Dying Declaration is
(a) immaterial
(b) material
(c) must be in writing only
(d) must be orally spoken only

96. The question is whether 'A' committed a crime at Lucknow on certain day. The fact that, on that day 'A was at Delhi, Is a relevant fact under which Section of the Indian Evidence Act?
(a) Section 9
(b) Section 10
(c) Section 11
(d) Section 12

97. A 'Dying Declaration' to be admissible under Indian Evidence Act must be made before
(a) Magistrate
(b) Police Officer
(c) Doctor or Private person
(d) Magistrate. Police Officer. Doctor or Private person

98. Under which Section of the Indian Evidence Act, D.N.A. test can admitted in Evidence?
(a) Section 47
(b) Section 45
(c) Section 48
(d) Section 49

99. Which Section of the Indian Evidence Act deals with Hostile witness"?

(a) Section 134
(b) Section 154
(c) Section 155
(d) Section 157

100. Which one of the following is provided under Section 133 of the Indian Evidence Act?

(a) Acceptance of an Evidence
(b) Rejection of an Evidence
(c) Evidence of deaf and dumb
(d) Evidence of an accomplice

101. Under which Section of the Indian Evidence Act bad character of an accused is not relevant?

(a) Section 54
(b) Section 52
(c) Section 53
(d) Section 118

102. Under which Section of the Indian Evidence Act Admission' is defined?

(a) Section 17
(b) Section 18
(c) Section 21
(d) Section 20

103. Which of the following is not a public document under the Indian Evidence Act?

(a) Judgement of the Court
(b) Arrest Warrant
(c) Will
(d) Affidavit

104. Under which Section of the Indian Evidence Act provision relating to Examination in Chief is provided?

(a) Section 138
(b) Section 137
(c) Section 136
(d) Section 135

105. Under which Section of the Indian Evidence Act admissibility of Evidence shall be decided by the Judge?

(a) Section 132
(b) Section 136
(c) Section 138
(d) Section 140

106. Which one of the following terms has not been defined by the Indian Evidence Act under Section 3?

(a) Court
(b) Document
(c) Evidence
(d) Confession

107. In which Section of the Civil Procedure Code term Mesne Profits' has been defined?

(a) Section 2(4)
(b) Section 2(8)
(c) Section 2(12)
(d) Section 2(14)

108. The Provisions of Civil Procedure Code

(a) Specifically apply to Writ Petitions
(b) Do not specifically apply to Writ Petitions
(c) Always apply to Writ Petitions
(d) Never apply to Writ Petitions

109. Order VII. Rule 10 of Civil Procedure Code provides for

(a) Return of Plaint
(b) Rejection of Plaint
(c) Admission of Plaint
(d) Both (a) and (b) above

110. Objection as to place of suing shall be allowed in the court of first instance. is the essence of

(a) Section 21A
(b) Section 20
(c) Section 22
(d) Section 21

111. Under which Section of the Code of Civil Procedure "Inherent powers of the Court has been provided?

(a) Section 151
(b) Section 141
(c) Section 152
(d) Section 153

112. Under which Section of the Civil Procedure Code Pecuniary Jurisdiction" of the Court has been provided?

(a) Section 3
(b) Section 4
(c) Section 5
(d) Section 6

113. In which Section of the Civil Procedure Code provision relating to "Suit of a Civil nature" has been provided?

(a) Section 8
(b) Section 9
(c) Section 10
(d) Section 11

114. Under which Section of the Code of Civil Procedure provisions relating to “Principle of Res Judicata” have been provided?

(a) Section 11
(b) Section 10
(c) Section 12
(d) Section 13

115. Under which Order of Civil Procedure Code provisions relating to "Appointment of Receivers" have been provided?

(a) Order XL. Rule 1
(b) Order XXI, Rule 1
(c) Order XI, Rule 1
(d) Order XX, Rule 1

116. Which one of the following properties is liable to attachment and sale in execution of a decree under Section 60 Civil Procedure Code?

(a) Bank notes, Cheques and Bill of Exchange
(b) Cooking vessels. beds & wearing apparels
(c) Books of Accounts
(d) Stipends and Gratuity

117. Under the Code of Civil Procedure "pleadings"

(a) Plaint only
(b) Written statement only
(c) Affidavit
(d) Plaint and Written Statement

118. Under Section 104 of the Code of Civil Procedure an appeal can be preferred against?

(a) an order under Section 91 to refuse permission to institute suit
(b) an order under Section 95 for compensation
(c) an order under Section 92
(d) All of the above

119. Which order of the Civil Procedure Code provides for a “Representative Suit”?

(a) Order I, Rule 1
(b) Order II, Rule 1
(c) Order III, Rule 1
(d) Order IV Rule 1

120. Order XXXIX. Rule 2 of the Civil Procedure Code deals with

(a) Attachment before judgement
(b) Temporary Injunction
(c) Execution of Decree
(d) Appointment of Receiver

121. Which Section of the Civil Procedure Code prohibits arrest and detention of women in execution of decree for money?

(a) Section 55
(b) Section 56
(c) Section57
(d) Section 58

122. Which one of the following is not correctly matched?

(a) Institution of Suit: Order IV
(b) Judgement and Decree: Order XX
(c) Issue of Summons: Order V
(d) Issue of Commissions: Order XXI

123. Under which Section/Order of the Civil Procedure Code a Provision is made to provide "free legal services to indigent persons"?

(a) Section 151
(b) Section 115
(c) Order XXXIII. Rule 18
(d) Order XXXIX, Rule 2

124. As provided in Section 79 of the Code of Civil Procedure a suit by the Central Government must be filed in the name of

(a) The President of India
(b) Attorney General of India
(c) Prime Minister of India
(d) Union of India

125. Which Section of the Code of Civil Procedure lays down provisions for Right to lodge a Caveat"?

(a) Section 148
(b) Section 148A
(c) Section 153A
(d) Section 153B

126. Which Section of the Civil Procedure Code grants exemption to Members of Legislature from arrest and detention under civil process?

(a) Section 80
(b) Section 134
(c) Section 135A
(d) Section 132

127. A mortgage by deposit of title deeds is called
(a) Anomalous Mortgage
(b) English Mortgage
(c) Equitable Mortgage
(d) Usufructuary Mortgage

128. Which is not covered by the term Transfer of Property
(a) Gift
(b) Exchange
(c) Family settlement
(d) Lease

129. The Transfer of Property Act was enacted in the year
(a) 1883
(b) 1882
(c) 1881
(d) 1880

130. In which Section of Transfer of Property Act "Onerous gift' is provided?
(a) Section 127
(b) Section 126
(c) Section 125
(d) Section 124

131. Under Transfer of Property Act gift of future property is
(a) Valid
(b) Voidable
(c) Void
(d) Irregular

132. Under which Section of Transfer of Property Act Fraudulent Transfer' is defined?
(a) Section 21
(b) Section 35
(c) Section 53
(d) Section 41

133. By which of the following means. transfer of actionable claim may be made?
(a) By Oral Agreement
(b) By Registered instrument
(c) By an instrument in writing signed by transferor
(d) By a registered instrument attested by two witnesses

134. Bellamy v. Sabine Case is related with which doctrine?
(a) Doctrine of Perpetuity
(b) Doctrine of Election
(c) Lis Pendens
(d) Part performance

135. Which one of the following interests is not transferable?
(a) Vested interest
(b) Spes Successionis
(c) Contingent Interest
(d) Interest of Leassee

136. An universal donee is liable to the creditors of the donor, the liability of the doner is
(a) Personal
(b) To the extent of value of gifted property in hand
(c) Based on pious obligation
(d) Limited to reasonable extent

137. Which of the following Sections of T.P. Act contains exceptions to the Maxim "Nemo dat quod non habets"?
(a) Section 41 and 42
(b) Section 41 and 44
(c) Section 41 and 43
(d) None of the above

138. Which Section was amended by the Transfer of Property (Amendment) Act 2002?
(a) Section 100
(b) Section 106
(c) Section 108
(d) Section 110

139. Prabodh Kumar Das v. Dantamara Tea Co. Ltd. case is related with the following doctrine:
(a) Doctrine of Election
(b) Doctrine of Lis Pendens
(c) Doctrine of Part Performance
(d) Doctrine of Priority

140. How many witnesses are required for attesting an instrument under Transfer of Property Act?
(a) 3
(b) 4
(c) 5
(d) 2

141. Whether partition of Property can be called as transfer of property?

(a) Yes
(b) No
(c) Both(a)&(b)
(d) None of the above

142. Section 14 of the Transfer of Property Act deals with

(a) Rule against perpetuity
(b) Doctrine of Election
(c) Doctrine of Apportionment
(d) Transfer for the benefit of unborn person

143. In which Section of the Transfer of Property Act the provisions regarding rights and liabilities of lessor and lessee are provided?

(a) 107
(b) 108
(c) 109
(d) 110

144. 'A' transfers his property to 'B' for life and thereafter to his unborn son for life. In this case transfer of property to the unborn son is

(a) Valid
(b) Illegal
(c) Voidable
(d) Void

145. Which one of the following is not an essential element of a mortgage as defined under Section 58(a) of the Transfer of Property Act?

(a) There must be transfer of interest
(b) There must be promise to transfer of interest
(c) The interest must be of some specific immovable property
(d) The purpose of transfer must be to ensure payment of a debt

146. "A transfers his property to "B' by mortgage with the condition that for ten years 'B' will take the mortgage money from the Income of the property and there after 'A' shall redeem the property by making the payment of remaining amount. This mortgage is

(a) Mortgage by conditional sale
(b) Anomalous mortgage
(c) Simple mortgage
(d) English mortgage

147. In Hindu marriage Act, 1955 the provision of 'Divorce by Mutual Consent was added by an

(a) Amendment in 1964
(b) Amendment in 1976
(c) Amendment in 1978
(d) Amendment in 1980

148. The child born of void and voidable marriage under Hindu Law is

(a) Legitimate
(b) Illegitimate
(c) Illegal
(d) None of the above

149. The Provisions for maintenance pendente lite in Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 is given in

(a) Section 22
(b) Section 25
(c) Section 24
(d) Section 23

150. Concealment of pre-marriage pregnency by the respondent can make marriage

(a) Voidable
(b) Void
(c) Valid
(d) None of the above

151. A person who dies without making a will is known as "Intestate". This has been defined under Hindu Succession Act in

(a) Section 3(c)
(b) Section 3(g)
(c) Section (3) h
(d) Section 4

152. The constitutional validity of Section 9 of Hindu Marriage Act for the first time came for consideration in the case of

(a) Harvinder Kaur v. Harminder Singh
(b) Babooram v. Sushila
(c) T. Sareetha v. T. Venkata Subbaih
(d) Saroj Rani v. Sudarshan Kumar

153. What is the effect of Judicial Separation on marital relation under Hindu Marriage Act?

(a) Marital relation comes to an end
(b) Marital relations is suspended
(c) Marriage becomes void
(d) Marriage becomes voidable

154. Under Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 the right to 'Permanent Alimony' is available
(a) To the husband only
(b) To the wife only
(c) To both husband and wife
(d) To the dependents only

155. The case relating to Constructive desertion' is
(a) Sunil Kumar v. Swarnalata
(b) Bipin Chandra v. Prabhavati
(c) Dastanev. Dastane
(d) Jyotish Chandra v. Meera

156. Under Hindu Marriage Act, Hindu includes
(a) Buddhist
(b) Sikh
(c) Jain
(d) All the above

157. Which Section of Hindu Marriage Act defines “Spinda Relationship”?
(a) Section 2(a)
(b) Section 2(b) :
(c) Section 3(f)
(d) Section 2(g)

158. In which Section of Hindu Marriage Act grounds of Divorce are provided?
(a) Section 11
(b) Section 13
(c) Section 9
(d) Section 7

159. Section 3(c) of the Hindu Succession Act defines
(a) Agnate
(b) Cognate
(c) Full blood
(d) Half blood

160. 'Divorce by Mutual Consent' has been provided in
(a) Section 13(1A)
(b) Section 13A
(c) Section 13B
(d) Section 13(2)

161. The Hindu Marriage Act. 1955 contains the minimum period of desertion for fling a suit for judicial separation is
(a) 3 years
(b) 5 years
(c) 7 years
(d) 2 years

162. A Hindu male of 30 years adopts a female child of 15 years of age. The adoptions is
(a) Valid
(b) Voidable
(c) Void
(d) Illegal

163. Section 23 and 24 of the Hindu Succession Act, 1956 have been omitted by Amendment Act in
(a) 1999
(b) 2004
(c) 2005
(d) 2010

164. In which Section of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 'bigamy' is prohibited?
(a) Section 15
(b) Section 17
(c) Section 19
(d) Section 21

165. The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 came into force on
(a) 26th January. 1955
(b) 15th August, 1955
(c) 18th May. 1955
(d) 30th January. 1955

166. Dastane v. Dastane is a case on
(a) Adoption
(b) Marriage
(c) Guardianship
(d) Divorce

167. Under Mullsim Law the right of 'Shufaa' Is firstly available to
(a) Shaft-1-Jar
(b) Shaf-1-Khalil
(c) Shaft-I-Sharik
(d) None of the above

168. Which one of the following is not a source of Muslim Law?
(a) Quran
(b) Sunnat
(c) Ijma
(d) Shruti

169. Which one of the following is not the right of a wife on non payment of Dower?
(a) Refusal to cohabit
(b) Right to dower as debt
(c) Right to retain her deceased husband's property
(d) Right to increase or decrease dower

170. Which one of the following is not a mode of Talaq?
(a) Refusal of Maintenance
(b) Talak-ul-Sunnat
(c) Talak-ul-Biddat
(d) Ila

171. In case of divorce, the period of iddat is
(a) Four months
(b) Three lunar months
(c) Two lunar months
(d) None of the above

172. Muta form of marriage is recognized
(a) Hanafi School
(b) Ithna Asharia School
(c) Maliki School
(d) Ismilia School

173. The Rule of 'Rateable Abatement' applies in
(a) Wasiyat
(b) Hiba
(c) Sadqa
(d) Ariat

174. Divorce by Mutual Consent in Muslim Law is known as
(a) Lian
(b) Faskh
(c) Zihar
(d) Mubarat

175. Principle of 'Musha' is recognized by
(a) Shia Law
(b) Hanafi Law
(c) Maliki Law
(d) Shafei Law

176. Bequest of 'Life Interest' in Muslim law is
(a) Valid
(b) Void
(c) Voidable
(d) None of the above

177. 'Doctrine of Cypres' is related with
(a) Marriage
(b) Mehar
(c) Waqf
(d) Hiba

178. Hiba of future property in Muslim Law is
(a) Invalid
(b) Valid
(c) Valid under certain conditions
(d) None of the above

179. A Sunni Muslim marries a Kitabia girl, the marriage is
(a) Void
(b) Valid
(c) Irregular
(d) None of the above

180. Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act came into force in
(a) 1933
(b) 1937
(c) 1939
(d) 1941

181. Shariat Act, 1937 came into operation on
(a) 7th January, 1937
(b) 7th July, 1937
(c) 7th June, 1937
(d) 7th October. 1937

182. Marriage in Islam is a
(a) Contract
(b) Sacrament
(c) Contract as well as sacrament
(d) Neither contract nor sacrament

183. Which one of the following is not an essential of a valid Hiba (gift)?
(a) The Declaration (I jab)
(b) The Acceptance (Qubul)
(c) Taking of possession (Qubza)
(d) Writing and Registration

184. Bohara Community follows which School of Muslim Law?
(a) Hanafi School
(b) Maliki School
(c) Jafari School
(d) Ismaili School

185. Under Muslim law, a will may be made of
(a) One fourth of property
(b) One third of property
(c) One half of property
(d) Entire properly

186. Dower (Mehar) absolutely belongs to
(a) The wife
(b) Wife's father
(c) Wife's mother
(d) Partly to wife and partly to wife's parents

187. Under which one of the following Sections of the Indian Penal Code, the word offence' has been defined?
(a) Section 39
(b) Section 40
(c) Section 41
(d) Section 42

188. Under which Section of Indian Penal Code, the word 'Extortion' is defined?
(a) Section 383
(b) Section 387
(c) Section 384
(d) Section 390

189. What is the minimum imprisonment prescribed for use of deadly weapons in dacoity under Indian Penal Code?
(a) 10 years
(b) 7 years
(c) 5 years
(d) 14 years

190. Which Section of the Indian Penal Code defines 'cruelty'?
(a) Section 304B
(b) Section 356
(c) Section 376A
(d) Section 498A

191. Which Section of the Indian Penal Code provides for punishment for attempt to commit suicide?
(a) Section 306
(b) Section 307
(c) Section 309
(d) Section 376

192. In which Section of Indian Penal Code the words “Good faith” has not been used?
(a) Section 90
(b) Section 89
(c) Section 92
(d) Section 93

193. Which Section of the Indian Penal Code contains doctrine of transferred malice?
(a) Section 299
(b) Section 300
(c) Section 301
(d) Section 302

194. In which case has the Supreme Court of India said that the time has come when Section 309 of the I.P.C. should be deleted by Parliament?
(a) Aruna Ramchandra Shanbaug v. Union of India
(b) Gian Kaur v. State of Punjab
(c) Both of the above
(d) None of the above

195. In which Section of the Indian Penal Code "Unlawful Assembly" has been defined?
(a) Section 141
(b) Section 142
(c) Section 140
(d) Section 143

196. Under which Section of IPC a hangman who hangs criminals in pursuant to the order of Judge under IPC is exempted from criminal liability?
(a) Section 76
(b) Section 77
(c) Section 79
(d) None of the above

197. 'A' meets 'B' on National Highway. shows him a pistol and demands B's purse. 'B' in consequence surrenders his purse. Which one of the following offences was committed by 'A'?
(a) Theft
(b) Robbery
(c) Dacoity
(d) None of the above

198. Under IPC punishment for the offence of importing girls from any country outside India or from the State of Jammu and Kashmir is upto 10 years if the age of the girl is under.

(a) 14 years
(b) 16 years
(c) 18 years
(d) 21 years

199. Which Section of the Indian Penal Code deals with the defence of involuntary Intoxication?

(a) Section 84
(b) Section 85
(c) Section 86
(d) Section 82

200. The Right of Private Defence of body extends to causing deaths if there is

(a) Apprehension of death
(b) Apprehension of grievous hurt
(c) Intention of committing rape
(d) All the above

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