Uttarakhand Civil Judge (Prelims) 2025

Uttarakhand Public Service Commission · Preliminary examination held 31.08.2025 · Series A · 200 questions

Part 1 — General Knowledge

1. In the context of Neutrality, which of the following statements is/are correct ?
1. Neutrality is commonly adopted to ensure national security.
2. Neutrality is often declared during war time.
(a) Only 1
(b) Only 2
(c) Both 1 and 2
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

2. Which one of the following may be sometimes said as a holder of perpetual neutrality in International Law ?
(a) Neutral State
(b) Neutralised State
(c) Impartial State
(d) Honest State

3. Which of the following is not included under key aspects of neutrality in International Law ?
(a) Territorial Integrity
(b) Abstention
(c) Impartiality
(d) Interference

4. What was the status of war under legal norms in traditional International Law before World War-I ?
(a) War was strictly illegal under International Law.
(b) War was a political act, neither legal nor illegal.
(c) War required UN approval.
(d) War automatically obligated all states to join.

5. Which one of the following writs is issued by courts to a person directing him to perform his public duty ?
(a) Habeas Corpus
(b) Certiorari
(c) Quo-Warranto
(d) Mandamus

6. Who defines jurisprudence as "the knowledge of things divine and human, the science of just and unjust" ?
(a) J. Bentham
(b) J. Austin
(c) Ulpian
(d) Julius Stone

7. Which of the following is referred as 'Magna Carta' of Environment Law ?
(a) Rio-de-Janeiro Conference
(b) Johannesburg Summit
(c) Stockholm Declaration
(d) Convention on climate change

8. The concept of 'Doctrine of Bias' is primarily related to which principle ?
(a) Doctrine of proportionality
(b) Hear the other's side also
(c) No one can be judge in his own case
(d) Doctrine of pleasure

9. In the context of the POCSO Act, 2012 (Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012), which of the following statements is/are correct ?
1. This Act is to protect children from sexual harassment and Pornography.
2. This Act is a gender-neutral law.
(a) Only 1
(b) Only 2
(c) Both 1 and 2
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

10. The case of 'All India Judges Association and Others v. Union of India', the Judgement delivered by the Supreme Court of India in the month of May, 2025, relates to :
(a) Regularisation of Court Managers
(b) Salary of Judges
(c) Mandatory three years' legal practice for eligibility to appear for judicial examination [Civil Judge (J.D.)]
(d) None of the above

11. Which amongst the following is/are the duty/duties of Neutral States under International Law ?

(a) Abstention
(b) Prevention
(c) Acquiescence
(d) All of the above

12. In which case the Supreme Court of India has observed that Public Trust Doctrine is protected under 'Article 21' of the Indian Constitution ?

(a) M.C. Mehta v. Kamal Nath
(b) M.I. Builders v. Radhey Shyam
(c) Union Carbide Corporation v. Union of India
(d) Vellore citizen welfare forum v. Union of India

13. Assertion (A) : Article 44 of the Indian Constitution urges the state to secure a Uniform Civil Code throughout the territory of India.
Reason (R) : The Uniform Civil Code aims to replace personal laws based on scriptures and customs of each major religious community in India with a uniform law governing every citizen.

(a) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is correct explanation of (A).
(b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not correct explanation of (A).
(c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

14. The case of Balaji Raghvan v. Union of India AIR1996SC is related to which Article of the Indian Constitution ?

(a) Article 17
(b) Article 18(1)
(c) Article 19
(d) Article 25

15. The remedy of 'Curative Petition' was used by supreme court in which case ?

(a) M. Ismail v. Union of India
(b) Babu Singh v. Union of India
(c) Roopa Ashok Hurra v. Ashok Hurra
(d) Lilly Thomas v. Union of India

16. Under which of the following Constitutional Amendment, Part-IX and 11th Schedule were added to the Indian Constitution ?

(a) Constitution (Forty-Eighth Amendment) Act, 1976
(b) Constitution (Fifty-First Amendment) Act, 1978
(c) Constitution (Seventy-First Amendment) Act, 1986
(d) Constitution (Seventy-Third Amendment) Act, 1992

17. Under which Article of the Indian Constitution, it is stated that the quorum to constitute a meeting of a house of legislature of a state shall be ten members or one-tenth of the total number of members of the house, whichever is greater ?

(a) Article 187
(b) Article 188
(c) Article 189
(d) Article 198

18. Consider the following statements regarding Rajya Sabha :
1. Rajya Sabha is called as Permanent house.
2. Rajya Sabha can be dissolved.
Which of the statements given above is/are correct ?

(a) Only 1
(b) Only 2
(c) Both 1 and 2
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

19. The concept of the 'Concurrent List' included in the Indian Constitution, was adopted from which country ?

(a) Constitution of America
(b) Constitution of Canada
(c) Constitution of Ireland
(d) Constitution of Australia

20. Which one of the following Judge was not part of the bench decided 'Keshwanand Bharti v. State of Kerala'?

(a) Justice P.J. Reddy
(b) Justice D.G. Palekar
(c) Justice S.N. Dwivedi
(d) Justice P.N. Bhagwati

21. Which Section of the Right to Information Act, 2005 provides for the Removal of Chief Information Commissioner ?
(a) Section 12
(b) Section 13
(c) Section 14
(d) Section 15

22. Which of the following statements is/are correct in context of India Justice Report – 2025 ?
1. It was first published in the year 2022.
2. This Report evaluates the capacity of Police, Judiciary, Prisons and legal aid.
(a) Only 1
(b) Only 2
(c) Both 1 and 2
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

23. Which Article of the Indian Constitution primarily empowers the state to make special provisions for persons with disabilities ?
(a) Article 41
(b) Article 43
(c) Article 14
(d) Article 15(3)

24. Which of the new mode of punishment has been incorporated by Indian Parliament in the year 2023 ?
(a) Forfeiture of Property
(b) Admonition
(c) Probation
(d) Community Service

25. Who is the author of the book 'The theory of legislation' ?
(a) Julius Stone
(b) Jeremy Bentham
(c) John Rawls
(d) H.L.A. Hart

26. Which authority is empowered to oversee data protection compliance under the Digital Personal Data Protection Act, 2023 ?
(a) Supreme Court of India
(b) Telecom Regulatory Authority
(c) Data Protection Board of India
(d) Ministry of Information Technology

27. The Competition (Amendment) Act, 2023 is influenced by which international organisation's principles ?
(a) UNESCO
(b) OECD
(c) WTO
(d) IMF

28. 'Privacy attaches to the person since it is an essential part of the dignity of human existence and happiness derives from the right to decide for oneself and dignity, which are both essential attributes of Privacy. Whose observations are these ?
(a) Justice Vikram Nath
(b) Justice B.V. Nagratna
(c) Justice D.Y. Chandrachud
(d) Justice S. Ravindra Bhat

29. In which of the following case it was held by the Supreme Court of India that the National Green Tribunal has suo moto powers to take action under the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010?
(a) Rajeev Hitendra Pathak v. Achyut Kashinath
(b) Trauscore v. Union of India
(c) Municipal Corporation of Bombay v. Ankita Sinha
(d) M.C. Mehta v. Union of India

30. In which of the following case, the supreme court observed that women officers are also having the right to a permanent commission officer in Indian Army ?
(a) Union of India v. Babita Puniya
(b) Union of India v. Saroj Kumari
(c) The Secretary, Ministry of Defence v. Babita Puniya
(d) The Secretary, Ministry of Defence v. Saroj Kumari

31. Succession of Government is based on :
(a) Principle of perpetuity
(b) Principle of change
(c) Principle of continuity
(d) Theory of succession

32. What did the International Court of Justice order in Ukrain v. Russia Case (2022) ?
(a) Russia to immediately suspend its military operations in Ukrain
(b) Ukrain to compensate Russia
(c) Dismissal of Case
(d) Formation of Tribunal

33. To which of the following "Stimson Doctrine" is related to ?

(a) Recognition
(b) Non-Recognition
(c) Intervention
(d) Extradition

34. Which boundary dispute was resolved in 'Somalia v. Kenya (2021)' by International Court of Justice ?

(a) Land Border
(b) River Access
(c) Maritime Boundary
(d) Air space

35. Preventing wars through collective security and disarmament and settling international dispute through negotiation and arbitration was the goal of :

(a) League of Nations
(b) United Nation Organisation
(c) World Bank
(d) World Trade Organisation

36. Which of the following is not correctly matched ?

(a) SEATO — South East Asian Treaty Organisation
(b) CENTO — Central Treaty Organisation
(c) NATO — North America Treaty Organisation
(d) NAM — Non-Aligned Movement

37. What did the International Court of Justice rule in the D.R. Congo v. Uganda Case (2022) regarding reparation ?

(a) Non compensation
(b) $ 325 million compensation
(c) $ 1 billion penalty
(d) No violation found

38. Which statements is/are correct ?
1. League of Nations was constituted after World War I.
2. United Nations was constituted after World War II.
3. The purpose of UN is to develop friendly relation among nations.
4. UN aims at maintaining international peace and security.

(a) All statements are incorrect.
(b) All statements are correct.
(c) Only 2 and 4 are correct.
(d) Only 4 is correct.

39. Consider the following pairs :

Sr. No.	Article (UN Charter)	Provisions
1.	Article (24-26)	Powers & functions of security council
2.	Article (21-22)	Power and functions of General Assembly
3.	Article (62-66)	Powers & functions of ECOSOC

Which of the following pairs is/are correctly matched ?

(a) Only 1
(b) Only 1 and 2
(c) Only 1 and 3
(d) Only 2 and 3

40. Expulsion from membership of United Nations may be made by general assembly on which of the following grounds ?

(a) Persistent violation of Principles of UN Charter
(b) Preventive action of state
(c) Enforcement action of state
(d) All of the above

41. Which of the following case is also known as the 'Dehradun Valley Litigation' Case ?

(a) Rural Litigation and Entitlement Kendra v. State of Uttar Pradesh & others
(b) Municipal Council Ratlam v. Shri Vardhichand
(c) M.C. Mehta v. Union of India
(d) M.C. Mehta v. Kamal Nath

42. Under the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023, the court can grant Police Custody for a maximum period of :

(a) 15 days
(b) 40 days
(c) 60 days
(d) 90 days

43. Under the Uniform Civil Code Rules Uttarakhand, 2025, which of the following categories are explicitly excluded from the applicability of the Rules ?

(a) Residents of Uttarakhand living abroad
(b) Person in live-in relationship with a foreign national
(c) Member of schedule tribe under Article 342 of the Constitution of India
(d) Christian couples under Holy union ceremony

44. In which case the Supreme Court held that "Posting a poem promoting sacrifice and non-violence does not attract offences under criminal laws and registration of FIR in such cases is abuse of law" ?

(a) Imran Pratapgadhi v. State of Gujarat
(b) Lalita Kumari v. Govt. of U.P.
(c) D.K. Basu v. State of West Bengal
(d) Joginder Kumar v. State of U.P.

45. Who was the first woman judge of the International Court of Justice ?

(a) Fathima Beevi
(b) Neeru Chadha
(c) Dame Rosalyn Higgins
(d) Julia Sebutinde

46. Which International Principle ensures that a country does not take side in conflicts ?

(a) Non-Alignment
(b) Peaceful co-existence
(c) Neutrality
(d) Sovereignty

47. Who authored the Book 'Legal Eagles' ?

(a) Soli Sorabjee
(b) D.Y. Chandrachud
(c) Pratap Bhanu Mehta
(d) Indu Bhan

48. Which country recently supported India's bid for permanent membership in the UN Security Council ?

(a) Bhutan
(b) China
(c) Pakistan
(d) Nepal

49. Under the Indus Water Treaty, 1960, which body resolves disputes under treaty ?

(a) U.N. Tribunal
(b) International Water Court
(c) Permanent Indus Commission
(d) All of the above

50. Association for Democratic Reforms v. Union of India 2024 INSC 113 relates to :

(a) Strucking down of Electoral Bonds Scheme
(b) Automatic vacation of stay orders
(c) Right to Privacy as fundamental right
(d) Validity of sub-classification within reserved categories

Part 2 — Act & Laws

51. Which section of Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 is related to the maintenance of wife, children and parents ?

(a) Section 137
(b) Section 125
(c) Section 144
(d) Section 148

52. How many sections and chapters are contained in the Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 ?

(a) Sections 531 and 39 chapters
(b) Sections 511 and 35 chapters
(c) Sections 500 and 30 chapters
(d) Sections 484 and 28 chapters

53. Which section of Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 is related to compounding of offences ?

(a) Section 320
(b) Section 350
(c) Section 360
(d) Section 359

54. Which one of the following section of Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 is related to "Powers of Appellate Court" ?

(a) Section 384
(b) Section 386
(c) Section 390
(d) Section 427

55. Under which section of BNSS, 2023 there is provision of identification of person arrested ?

(a) Section 50
(b) Section 51
(c) Section 54
(d) Section 55

56. Under Section 129 of Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023, which authority can ask for security for good behaviour from habitual offenders ?

(a) Judicial Magistrate-I Class
(b) Chief Judicial Magistrate
(c) Executive Magistrate
(d) District Magistrate

57. Under which section of Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023, there is provision for legal aid to accused at state expenses in certain cases ?
(a) Section 340
(b) Section 341
(c) Section 342
(d) Section 343

58. Which chapter of Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 deals with summary trial ?
(a) Chapter 20
(b) Chapter 21
(c) Chapter 22
(d) Chapter 23

59. No person shall be entitled to claim maintenance under Chapter III of the Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956 if he or she :
(a) has committed an offence
(b) has settled in a foreign country
(c) has ceased to be a Hindu by conversion to another religion
(d) has been terminated from employment

60. Which of the following is entitled to enforce partition of the coparcenary property under Dayabhaga Law ?
(a) Every Coparcener, Adult or Minor
(b) Every Coparcener, Male or Female
(c) Every Adult Coparcener, Male or Female
(d) Every Male Adult Coparcener

61. Which chapter of the Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 deals with "Plea Bargaining"
(a) Chapter 20
(b) Chapter 21
(c) Chapter 22
(d) Chapter 23

62. Which section of the Hindu Succession Act, 1956 deals with rights of a child in the womb to inherit to the intestate ?
(a) Section 19
(b) Section 22
(c) Section 21
(d) Section 20

63. What is the maximum age for the marriage of a male under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 at the time of the marriage ?
(a) 18 years
(b) 16 years
(c) 21 years
(d) 25 years

64. Which of the following cannot be a ground for Judicial separation under Hindu Law ?
(a) Adultery
(b) Desertion for a continuous period of more than two years
(c) Conversion to another religion
(d) Unsatisfactory behaviour not amounting to cruelty

65. What is the maximum period of separation required for filing a divorce suit by mutual consent under Section 13B of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 ?
(a) 1 year
(b) 2 years
(c) 3 months
(d) 6 months

66. Under Hindu Law, which of the following debts are not binding on the sons under the doctrine of pious obligations ?
(a) Debt due to gambling
(b) Debt for the family necessity
(c) Debt incurred in a lawful business
(d) Debt incurred for religious ceremonies

67. Who may be Karta of the Hindu Joint family ?
(a) Son
(b) Daughter
(c) Father
(d) All of the above

68. Under Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 marriage solemonised before attaining the age of marriage is :
(a) Only void
(b) Only voidable
(c) Neither void nor voidable
(d) None of these

69. After the amendment of the Hindu Succession Act in 2005, which of the following statements is correct regarding the right of a daughter in a Hindu joint family ?

(a) A daughter has the same rights as a son in the coparcenary property.
(b) A daughter can only be claim a share in the father's self-acquired property.
(c) A daughter cannot be coparcener but can inherit as a class I heir.
(d) A daughter's right to coparcenary property is limited to her marriage portion.

70. In Hindu law, who is the natural guardian of a minor's property if the father is alive and converted to another religion ?

(a) The Mother
(b) The Paternal grandfather
(c) The Court
(d) The father, despite conversion

71. Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 applies on which of the following ?

(a) Only on Hindu by religion
(b) Only on person who is Sikh or Jain by religion
(c) Illegitimate child whose parents are Jain by religion
(d) All of the above

72. No prosecution under Section 17 of the Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956 shall be instituted without the previous sanctions of the :

(a) Central Government
(b) State Government
(c) District Magistrate
(d) Sub-Divisional Magistrate

73. If the husband drives out his wife and retains her stridhan, then which offence of the following offence has committed ?

(a) Offence of Criminal Breach of Trust
(b) Offence of criminal misappropriation of property
(c) No offence
(d) Offence of mischief

74. Within how many days decree be drawn up from the date on which the judgement is pronounced ?

(a) 7 days
(b) 30 days
(c) 15 days
(d) 14 days

75. Power to make up deficiency of court fee is defined under which Section of Civil Procedure Code, 1908 ?

(a) Section 148
(b) Section 148-A
(c) Section 149
(d) Section 150

76. Which of the following is a leading case on constructive Res-Judicata ?

(a) Satyadhyan Ghoshal v. Deorji Debi
(b) Handerson v. Handerson
(c) Daryao v. State of U.P.
(d) State of U.P. v. Nawab Hussain

77. Where the local limits of the jurisdiction of court are uncertain, then the place of institution of the suit shall be decided according to :

(a) Section 17 of the CPC, 1908
(b) Section 18 of the CPC, 1908
(c) Section 19 of the CPC, 1908
(d) Section 20 of the CPC, 1908

78. In which of the following writs, the doctrine of res-judicata is not applicable ?

(a) Habeus corpus
(b) Certiorari
(c) Mandamus
(d) Quo warranto

79. The concept of 'Set-off' is dealt under

(a) Order 8 Rule 6
(b) Order 8 Rule 6A
(c) Order 8 Rule 10
(d) Order 8 Rule 11

80. Which of the following order deals with amendment of pleadings ?

(a) Order 6 Rule 16
(b) Order 6 Rule 17
(c) Order 7 Rule 11
(d) Order 8 Rule 11

81. Where a person challenges a decree, he shall challenge the same by filing :

(a) Appeal
(b) Application
(c) Notice for motion
(d) Chamber Summons

82. Which section of the Code of Civil Procedure allows the settlement of disputes outside the Court ?
(a) Section 90
(b) Section 91
(c) Section 89
(d) Section 92

83. Which section of the following includes the concept of Notional Partition ?
(a) Section 21-A of Special Marriage Act, 1954
(b) Section 36 of the Indian Succession Act, 1925
(c) Section 6 of the Hindu Succession Act, 1956
(d) All of the above

84. Which one of the following is not a particular to be contained in a plaint ?
(a) Facts regarding cause of action
(b) Relief claimed by the plaintiff
(c) Money claimed by the defendant
(d) None of the above

85. Which of the following words has not been defined in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 ?
(a) Foreign Court
(b) Suit
(c) Rules
(d) Prescribed

86. Notice to Garnishee has been given under which provision of CPC, 1908 ?
(a) Rule 46-A of the Order 21
(b) Rule 46-B of the Order 21
(c) Rule 46-C of the Order 21
(d) Rule 46-D of the Order 21

87. Under Section 115 of the CPC, 1908 which one of the following is not a ground to consider revision by High Court ?
(a) Where Subordinate Court has exceeded the jurisdiction.
(b) Where Subordinate Court has failed to exercise jurisdiction.
(c) Where there is material irregularity.
(d) Where appeal may lie.

88. Which one of the following sections of Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 is related to Interpleader Suit ?
(a) Section 88
(b) Section 89
(c) Section 90
(d) Section 91

89. Which one is not a power of Appellate Court under Section 107 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 ?
(a) Power of make rules.
(b) To determine a case finally.
(c) To remand a case.
(d) To frame issues and refer them for trial.

90. Which order of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 empowers the indigent person to institute a suit ?
(a) Order XXXIII
(b) Order XXXII
(c) Order XXXI
(d) Order XXXIV

91. The court can award the percentage of interest from the date of decree to the date of payment or such earlier date as the court thinks fit. What will be the amount of percentage ?
(a) Nine percent
(b) Six percent
(c) Ten percent
(d) Twelve percent

92. Which of the following is matched correctly ?
(a) Pecuniary Jurisdiction - Section 6 of CPC 1908.
(b) Resjudicata – Section 11 of CPC 1908.
(c) Release on the ground of illness - Section 59 of CPC 1908.
(d) All of the above

93. Which one of the following sections of Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 is related to “Liability of ancestral property” ?
(a) Section 51
(b) Section 52
(c) Section 53
(d) Section 54

94. Which of the following case deals with preliminary decree ?
(a) Moolchand vs. Director, Consolidation only.
(b) Shankar vs. Chandrakant only.
(c) Both (a) and (b) above
(d) Dhirendra Nath vs. Sudhir Chaudhry only.

95. Which of the following includes in secondary evidence under Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023 ?
(a) Oral admission
(b) Written admission
(c) Certified copy
(d) All of the above

96. Which section of Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023 has provision for exclusion of evidence of oral agreement ?

(a) Section 91
(b) Section 92
(c) Section 95
(d) Section 97

97. The term "Conclusive proof" is defined under which of the following section of BSA, 2023 ?

(a) Section 2(a)
(b) Section 2(b)
(c) Section 2(c)
(d) Section 2(d)

98. 'Facts forming part of same transaction' are also called—

(a) Alibi
(b) Locus standi
(c) Res gestae
(d) Ejusdem generis

99. Which of the following section of BSA, 2023 ensures the admissibility of an electronic or digital record ?

(a) Section 60
(b) Section 61
(c) Section 62
(d) Section 69

100. Which section of BSA, 2023 provides Burden of proof as to ownership ?

(a) Section 114
(b) Section 113
(c) Section 110
(d) Section 111

101. Oral Evidence shall in all cases whatever, be direct, if it refers to;

(a) a fact which could be seen.
(b) a fact which could be heard.
(c) a fact which could be perceived by any other sense or manner.
(d) All of the above

102. Under Section 22 of the BSA, 2023 confession to be relevant in criminal proceedings must not be caused by

(a) Inducement or coercion only.
(b) Inducement, concealment, or promise only.
(c) Inducement, threat, coercion, or promise only.
(d) Inducement, threat, fraud and promise only.

103. Match the following :

Section of BSA, 2023	Subject-matter
A. Section 38	1. Entries in the Book of account
B. Section 34	2. Previous Judgement
C. Section 28	3. Existence of Course of Business
D. Section 14	4. Incompetency of Court

Select the correct option from the following :

A B C D

(a) 4 3 2 1
(b) 4 2 1 3
(c) 3 2 1 4
(d) 3 4 2 1

104. Which section of Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023 gives legitimacy to the child born within 280 days after dissolution of marriage ?

(a) Section 112
(b) Section 113
(c) Section 114
(d) Section 116

105. Provision relating to 'Estoppel' is provided under which section of Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023 ?

(a) Section 121
(b) Section 115
(c) Section 116
(d) Section 117

106. Which of the following sections of Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023 deals with 'Accomplice' ?

(a) Section 136
(b) Section 133
(c) Section 138
(d) Section 139

107. Under Section 127 of Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023 privilege is available to :

(a) Advocates
(b) Accomplice
(c) Husband and wife
(d) Judges and Magistrates

108. Which one of the following is not competent to testify ?

(a) A child of tender age.
(b) A man of extreme old age.
(c) Who is unable to communicate verbally.
(d) Who is prevented from understanding questions put to him.

109. Which one of the following is not an immovable property under the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 ?

(a) A Right to Jagir Income
(b) A Right to use water of stream
(c) A Right of Easement
(d) Royalty

110. The case of Arif vs. Jadunath, 58 Cal. 1235 (Privy Council) relates to which one of following ?

(a) Election
(b) Mortgage
(c) Part-performance
(d) Lease

111. Under Section 118 of Transfer of Property Act, 1882 which one of the given options fall under the meaning of 'exchange' ?

(a) Transfer of ownership without consideration.
(b) Transfer of ownership for consideration of price.
(c) Transfer of possession for money.
(d) Transfer of house ownership in consideration of ownership of agricultural land.

112. Attestation is stated in Section 3 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882. In order to constitute valid attestation one of the essential condition is :

(a) There must be at least one attesting witness.
(b) There must be two or more than two attesting witnesses.
(c) There must be three or more than three attesting witnesses.
(d) There is no need of any attesting witness.

113. Match the following according to Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023 :

Subject-matter	**Section of Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023**
A. Presumption as to dowry death	1. Section - 106
B. Refreshing Memory	2. Section - 105
C. Burden of proof as to particular fact	3. Section - 118
D. On whom Burden of proof lies.	4. Section - 162

A B C D

(a) 2 3 4 1
(b) 2 4 1 3
(c) 3 4 1 2
(d) 3 2 4 1

114. Aldrich vs. Cooper is leading case on which of the following topics ?

(a) Marshalling
(b) Election
(c) Part-performance
(d) Discharge of Encumbrances on sale

115. Which section of Transfer of Property Act, 1882 provides for "Universal Donee" ?

(a) Section 126
(b) Section 127
(c) Section 128
(d) Section 129

116. Which was the first famous case for announcing the elements of the Rule against Perpetuity ?

(a) Moreshwar vs. Duttu
(b) Berrick and Co. vs. Prince
(c) The Duke of Norfolk case
(d) Whitby vs. Mitchell

117. On which of the following, second chapter of Transfer of Property Act, 1882 is not applicable ?

(a) Rule of Hindu Law
(b) Rule of Christian Law
(c) Rule of Parsi Law
(d) Rule of Mohammaden Law

118. Match the following :

Section 'A'	**Section 'B'**
i. Sale	a. Section 58 of TPA
ii. Mortgage	b. Section 3 of TPA
iii. Actionable claim	c. Section 116 of TPA
iv. Effect of Holding over	d. Section 54 of TPA

Choose correct answer :
i ii iii iv

(a) b c d a
(b) d a b c
(c) d a c b
(d) a d c b

119. Who among the following is entitled to claim maintenance from a Muslim man under Muslim Law ?

(a) Wife
(b) Divorced wife until she remarries
(c) Minor Children
(d) All of the above

120. Which of the following is an essential condition for a valid Waqf under Muslim Law ?

(a) The waqf must be created by a Muslim.
(b) The property must be dedicated in perpetuity.
(c) The waqf must be for charitable purposes.
(d) All of the above

121. The right of pre-emption can be exercised in which of the following situations ?

(a) Sale of property to a stranger.
(b) Gift of property to a family member.
(c) Inheritance of property by legal heirs.
(d) All of the above

122. The case of Prabodh Kumar vs. Dantmara Tea Company (AIR, 1940 PC 1) related to which section of the Transfer of the Property Act, 1882 ?

(a) Section 43
(b) Section 42
(c) Section 53
(d) Section 53A

123. On which of the following Muslim Personal Law (Shariat) Application Act, 1937 does not apply ?

(a) Waqf
(b) Will
(c) Hiba (Gift)
(d) All of the above

124. Which one of the following does not fall under the categories of the Sunni Law of inheritance ?

(a) Mother
(b) Father
(c) Son
(d) Grandson

125. Who is Mutwalli under Muslim Law ?

(a) Person who performs the marriage
(b) Person who offer Namaz
(c) Who dissolves marriage
(d) None of the above

126. Triple Talak belongs to which of the following sub-schools of Shia and Sunni ?

(a) Hanafi and Maliki
(b) Ithna Ashairia
(c) Hanafi
(d) Maliki

127. On which grounds of following a Muslim wife may take divorce from her husband under Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939 ?

(a) Non payment of Maintenance
(b) Impotency of husband
(c) Cruelty by husband
(d) All of the above

128. What is the maximum portion of a Muslim's property that can be bequeathed by will under Sunni Law ?

(a) 1/2
(b) 2/3
(c) 1/3
(d) Entire property

129. The marriage under Muslim Law contracted without witness is :

(a) Void but not irregular
(b) Irregular, but not void
(c) Valid but not void
(d) Both (a) and (b)

130. A donor 'A' desires to make a gift of his immovable property to a minor 'M'. In this case 'A' must handover the possession of the property to :

(a) 'M' himself
(b) 'M's father
(c) 'M's brother
(d) 'M's mother

131. If a Muslim dies leaving behind a mother, 'M', a son, 'S' and a daughter's son, 'DS'. Then his property will be distributed among them by share

(a) 1/6th to 'M', 5/6th to 'S' and 'DS' will be excluded.
(b) 2/6th to 'M', 4/6th to 'S' and 'DS' will be excluded.
(c) Half to 'M', Half to 'S' and 'DS' will excluded.
(d) 1/6th to 'M', 4/6th to 'S' and 1/6th to 'DS'.

132. On which of the following grounds a woman married under Muslim Law shall be entitled to obtain a decree for the dissolution of her marriage ?

(a) Whereabouts of the husband have not been known for a period of four years.
(b) The husband has failed to provide for her maintenance for a period four years.
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) None of the above

133. Which of the following is a leading case related to Dower ?

(a) Abdul Kadir vs. Salima
(b) Gohar Begum vs. Suggi alias Nazma
(c) Immambandi vs. Mussaddi
(d) None of the above

134. Under Sunni Law, which of the following is an essential for a valid Nikah ?

(a) The presence of two male witnesses.
(b) Absence of absolute prohibition.
(c) The payment of Dower (Mehr).
(d) All of the above

135. Right of private defense of the body extends to causing death on the act of throwing acid. By which of the following amendment this right was added in the Section 100 of I.P.C. ?

(a) Criminal Law amendment Act, 2000
(b) Criminal Law amendment Act, 2012
(c) Criminal Law amendment Act, 2010
(d) Criminal Law amendment Act, 2013

136. 'X' for the purpose inducing 'Y' to desist from prosecuting a civil suit, threatens to burn 'Y's house. 'X' is guilty of which of the following offence ?

(a) Mischief
(b) Criminal Intimidation
(c) Criminal Breach of Trust
(d) None of the above

137. Maximum punishment for collecting arms etc. with intention of waging war against the Government of India under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 is

(a) 7 years
(b) 10 years
(c) 20 years
(d) Life imprisonment

138. Under the Indian Penal Code, 1860, offences relating to Coins and Government Stamps are provided under which of the following chapters ?

(a) Chapter X
(b) Chapter XI
(c) Chapter XII
(d) Chapter XIV

139. Dishonesty has been defined under _____ of Indian Penal Code, 1860.

(a) Section 23
(b) Section 24
(c) Section 25
(d) Section 19

140. Which of the following sections of Indian Penal Code, 1860 has a provision related to solitary confinement ?

(a) Sections 73, 74
(b) Sections 74, 75
(c) Sections 68, 69
(d) Sections 69, 70

141. Match the following :

Subject-matter	**Section under IPC, 1860**
A. Solitary confinement	1. Section - 54
B. Commutation of death sentence	2. Section - 73
C. Things done in private defense	3. Section - 95
D. Act causing slight harm	4. Section - 96

A B C D

(a) 2 3 4 1
(b) 2 3 1 4
(c) 2 1 4 3
(d) 2 4 3 1

142. 'A' threatens to publish a defamatory libel concerning 'Z' unless 'Z' gives him money. Which offence has been committed by 'A' under I.P.C., 1860 ?

(a) Defamation
(b) Theft
(c) Unnatural offence
(d) Extortion

143. "Unlawful Assembly" is defined in which of the following sections of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 ?

(a) Section 142
(b) Section 152
(c) Section 141
(d) Section 153

144. Which of the following sections of Indian Penal Code, 1860 relates to "Grievous hurt" ?

(a) Section 346
(b) Section 341
(c) Section 353
(d) Section 320

145. Rahul entered into the house of Rajesh by making hole through the wall of Rajesh and putting his head through the aperture. Rahul has committed an offence of

(a) Criminal trespass
(b) House trespass
(c) House breaking
(d) All of the above

146. In which group of sections of Indian Penal Code, 1860 death penalty has been prescribed as one of the punishment ?

(a) Sections : 302, 194, 121, 132
(b) Sections : 121, 132, 124-A, 125
(c) Sections : 125, 132, 194, 302
(d) Sections : 125, 132, 238, 302

147. Attempt of which of the following offence is not provided separate as an offence under I.P.C. 1860 ?

(a) Murder
(b) Culpable Homicide
(c) Suicide
(d) Theft

148. How many exceptions have been provided under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 for the offence of Defamation ?

(a) 7
(b) 8
(c) 9
(d) 10

149. Section 80 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 is related to —

(a) Presumption to genuineness of certified copies
(b) Presumption as to documents produced as records of evidence.
(c) Presumption as to power of attorney.
(d) None of the above

150. For presumption as to abetment of suicide by a married woman to arise, it must be shown that –

(a) She committed suicide after 7 years of marriage.
(b) Her husband and his relatives subjected her to cruelty.
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) Neither (a) nor (b)

151. In which section of Indian Evidence Act, 1872 leading question has been defined ?

(a) Section 139
(b) Section 140
(c) Section 141
(d) Section 142

152. Which of the following is related with the case of Robins vs. National Trust Co. ?

(a) Doctrine of Estoppel
(b) Burden of proof
(c) Doctrine of Res gestae
(d) Hostile witness

153. The affidavit given to the court is —

(a) Not an evidence
(b) An evidence
(c) A written statement
(d) A proof

154. Dying declaration is admissible under which section of Indian Evidence Act, 1872 ?

(a) Section 20
(b) Section 25
(c) Section 32
(d) Section 35

155. Secondary Evidence is defined under which section of Indian Evidence Act, 1872?

(a) Section 61
(b) Section 63
(c) Section 64
(d) Section 65

156. No question can be asked from the victims of sexual offences during cross-examination, which are immoral in nature to prove consent.

(a) Section 53A
(b) Section 114A
(c) Section 146
(d) Section 119

157. Which one of the following sections of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 is related to “Attempt to commit suicide” ?

(a) Section 310
(b) Section 309
(c) Section 308
(d) Section 311

158. Which of the following case deals with the admissibility of electronic evidence in the Court of Law ?
(a) A.P. Khotkar vs. K.K. Gorantayal
(b) Roop Kumari vs. Mohan Thedani
(c) Bodha vs. State of J & K
(d) Anvar P.V. vs. P.K. Basheer

159. According to Indian Evidence Act, 1872 a leading question may be asked at which stage of the Judicial process ?
(a) At the time of re-examination
(b) At the time of cross-examination
(c) At the time of inspection
(d) At the time of examination in chief.

160. The Indian Evidence Act, 1872 was drafted by:
(a) Lord Macaulay
(b) Huxley
(c) Sir Henery Sumner Maine
(d) Sir James F. Stephen

161. Under Section 122 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 privilege is available to :
(a) Advocates
(b) Judges & Magistrate
(c) Husband and wife
(d) Accomplice

162. Who among the following does not come within the preview of term 'Court' as given under the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 ?
(a) Judge
(b) Magistrate
(c) Arbitrator
(d) Tribunal

163. Provision relating to accomplice is provided under which section of Indian Evidence Act ?
(a) Section 132
(b) Section 133
(c) Section 134
(d) Section 135

164. Under BNS, 2023, the act of demanding sexual favours or making sexually coloured remark is known as an offence of
(a) Voyeurism
(b) Sexual harassment
(c) Outraging modesty of a woman
(d) Sexual assault

165. Which section of BNS, 2023 define and provide punishment for organised crime ?
(a) Section 112
(b) Section 110
(c) Section 127
(d) Section 111

166. The offence of Bribery is defined and punished under BNS, 2023 in:
(a) Sections 171 and 172 respectively.
(b) Sections 170 and 173 respectively.
(c) Sections 177 and 178 respectively.
(d) Sections 169 and 171 respectively.

167. Section 152 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 replaced which controversial provision of Indian Penal Code, 1860 among the following ?
(a) Defamation Law
(b) Double Jeopardy
(c) Self-incrimination
(d) Sedition Law

168. The principle of "Presumption of Survivorship" has been incorporated in which section of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 ?
(a) Section 107
(b) Section 108
(c) Section 109
(d) Section 110

169. Section 47 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 provides about, which of the following ?
(a) Abetment of a thing
(b) Abettor
(c) Abetment outside India for offence in India
(d) Abetment in India of offences outside India

170. How many explanations are given along with Section 100 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 ?
(a) Five
(b) Four
(c) Two
(d) Three

171. Which pair is correctly matched as per the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 ?
(a) Criminal Breach of Trust — Section 316
(b) Stolen Property – Section 318
(c) Cheating — Section 319
(d) Mischief – Section 325

172. Which one of the following sections of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 relates to 'Gang Rape' ?

(a) Section 68
(b) Section 70
(c) Section 71
(d) Section 72

173. Section 111 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 is related to –

(a) Terrorist act
(b) Organised crimes
(c) Petty organised crimes
(d) Force

174. Section 61 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 is related to –

(a) Abettor
(b) Punishment
(c) Solitary confinement
(d) Criminal conspiracy

175. Which one of the following is correctly matched according to Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 ?
Offences — Section of BNS, 2023

(a) Giving false evidence – Section 227
(b) Public nuisance – Section 246
(c) Defamation – Section 350
(d) Forgery – Section 330

176. Which one of the following sections of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is related to stalking ?

(a) Section 79
(b) Section 76
(c) Section 78
(d) Section 71

177. Which of the following sections of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 defines 'Dowry death' ?

(a) Section 79
(b) Section 81
(c) Section 80
(d) Section 82

178. Section 103 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 is related to :

(a) Murder
(b) Culpable homicide
(c) Causing miscarriage
(d) Punishment of murder

179. When did the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 receive the assent of the President of India ?

(a) 23rd December, 2023
(b) 24th December, 2023
(c) 25th December, 2023
(d) 26th December, 2023

180. Under the Criminal Procedure Code 1973, what is the maximum period for which a person can be detained in police custody without the order of magistrate ?

(a) 24 hours
(b) 48 hours
(c) 72 hours
(d) 96 hours

181. What is the limit for filing an appeal to the Supreme Court against a High Court judgement under the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 ?

(a) 30 days
(b) 60 days
(c) 90 days
(d) No time limit

182. Who can record the statements and confessions under Section 164 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 ?

(a) Only the High Court
(b) Police officer not less than the rank of sub-inspector
(c) Only metropolitan magistrate or judicial magistrate
(d) Executive magistrate

183. What is the limitation period for taking cognizance under the Sec. 468 of Criminal Procedure Code, 1973, offence punishable with imprisonment for the term exceeding one year ?

(a) Six months
(b) One year
(c) Three years
(d) Five years

184. Which section of Criminal Procedure Code, 1973, provides about reference to High Court ?

(a) Section 394
(b) Section 395
(c) Section 396
(d) Section 397

185. Under Section 439 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 Bail Jurisdiction can be exercised by

(a) Only High Court
(b) Only Session Court
(c) Only Magisterial Court
(d) Both (a) and (b)

186. Under the Chapters XXIX and XXX of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973, which of the following have been provided ?

(a) Appeals, Reference, Review & Revision
(b) Appeals, Reference and Review
(c) Appeals, Reference and Revision
(d) Appeals, Review and Revision

187. Arrange the following in ascending order according to Sections of Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 :
1. Cognizable offence
2. Bailable offence
3. Complaint
4. Charge

(a) 1, 2, 4, 3
(b) 2, 4, 1, 3
(c) 2, 3, 4, 1
(d) 3, 2, 4, 1

188. Which one of the following is not correctly matched according to Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 ?
Subject Matter — Section of Cr. P.C. 1973

(a) Session Court - Section 9
(b) Special Judicial Magistrate – Section 13
(c) Executive Magistrate – Section 20
(d) Special Executive Magistrate – Section 19

189. Which section of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 empowers a magistrate to issue a Search warrant ?

(a) Section 91
(b) Section 92
(c) Section 93
(d) Section 94

190. Which one of the following Section of Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 relates to the service of summons on witness by the post ?

(a) Section 62
(b) Section 64
(c) Section 69
(d) Section 70

191. Under which section of Criminal Procedure Code, 1973, Police may arrest without warrant ?

(a) Section 42
(b) Section 47
(c) Section 48
(d) Section 41

192. Which section of Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 deals with “Remarks respecting demeanour of witness” ?

(a) Section 278
(b) Section 279
(c) Section 280
(d) Section 281

193. Which one of the following section of Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 related to “dismissal of complaint” ?

(a) Section 200
(b) Section 201
(c) Section 202
(d) Section 203

194. Who shall be eligible to be appointed as a director of prosecution under Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita 2023 ?

(a) Practice as an advocate for 10 years
(b) Practice as an advocate for 15 years
(c) Practice as an advocate for 20 years
(d) Chief Judicial Magistrate

195. Which section of the Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 says that no arrest shall be made except in accordance with the provisions of this Sanhita ?

(a) Section 59
(b) Section 60
(c) Section 62
(d) Section 61

196. Under the provisions of BNSS, 2023, what is the maximum time for framing of charge against the accused from the first hearing on charge in the case of offence exclusively enable by session court ?

(a) 120 days
(b) 45 days
(c) 60 days
(d) 90 days

197. Under Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 anticipatory bail cannot be granted in which of following situations ?

(a) False implications
(b) Political vendetta
(c) Fear of custodial torture
(d) Apprehension of arrest in a bailable offence

198. Which section of the Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 have provision providing for video recording of search and seizure preferably mobile phone also ?

(a) Section 104
(b) Section 105
(c) Section 142
(d) Section 109

199. Under the BNSS, 2023, who can file an appeal against an order of acquittal passed by a magistrate ?

(a) Only the state government
(b) Complainant of the case with special permission of the High Court
(c) Any other person aggrieved by the order
(d) Both (a) and (b)

200. Which section of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 makes provision for the attachment of property of the person absconding ?

(a) Section 83
(b) Section 84
(c) Section 85
(d) Section 86

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